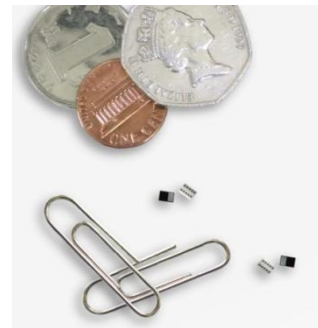
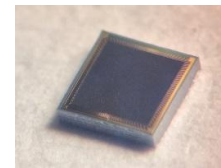
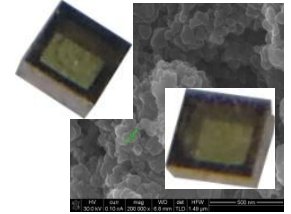




## The AIR111 is a MEMS Thermopile sensor with ASIC for non-contact infrared temperature measurement solutions.

WISE' infrared sensing technologies are playing a vital role in creating a healthier, easier and safer tomorrow. WISE has gained worldwide recognition for the design and production of high-performance thermopile detectors with ASIC which contribute to safeguarding homes, saving energy, and providing comfort. From motion and presence detection to gas detection, thermometry and indoor climate control applications, WISE' IR sensing technologies and growing IR product range are meeting your challenges. WISE now offers Thermopile Detectors with ASIC in compact SMD housings. Containing pre-installed software and specific algorithms is designed for detecting infrared and ambient temperature compensation.



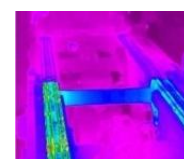
### Advantages

- Small SMD packaging (**2.3 x 3.4 x 1.2mm**) with ROIC
- Smallest Die : 1.0 x 1.0 x 0.3 mm(or 1.6 x 1.6 x 0.3 mm)
- Self-Temperature compensation
- High sensitivity
- High reliability & stability
- Reasonable price
- Various sensor packaging : Metal(TO 45), PCB, Ceramic
- Continuous temperature monitoring
- Real-time motion detection



### Applications

- Indoor home safety and security
- Energy conservation and comfort
- Home appliances applications
- Thermometry for healthier Families & Safer industries
- Non-contact infrared thermometer
- Motion sensor (light, human, thermal)
- Internet Of Things applications
- Consumer appliance: micro-oven, air conditioner, refrigerator, printer, etc.



## Technical Details of Thermopile Sensor

Parameter	Symbol	AIR111	Unit
Sensor Size	A	1.0	mm <sup>2</sup>
Number of Junctions	N <sub>j</sub>	128	ea
Signal Voltage	O <sub>v</sub>	12	mV (125°C, 7um cutoff filter)
Active area	A	0.7*0.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
Responsivity	S <sub>v</sub>	100	V/W (227°C, 1Hz)
Time Constant	τ	10	ms
Noise Voltage	V <sub>RMS</sub>	0.02	μVHz <sup>1/2</sup>
Detectivity	D*	1.5*10 <sup>8</sup>	cmHz <sup>1/2</sup> /W
Operating Temperature		-10~120	°C
Related Humidity		5~95	%RH

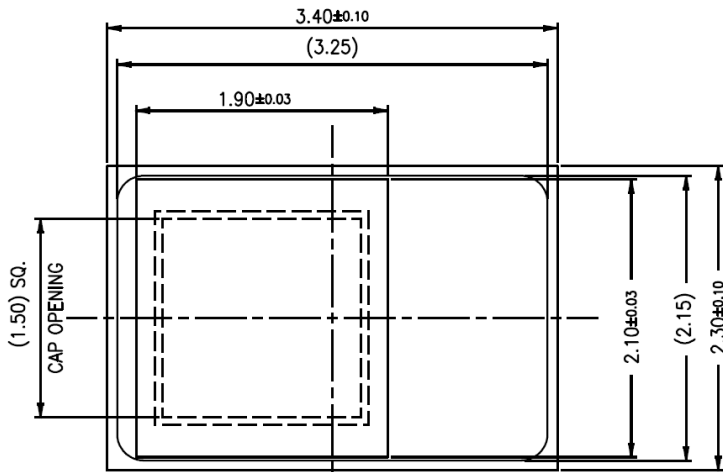
## Electrical Characteristics(With ASIC)

Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage	3V connection	2.4	3.3	3.7	V
Supply current			1		mA
ambient temperature range		-40		120	°C
Storage temperature range		-40		125	°C
Object temperature range		-30		500	°C
Ambient operating humidity		15		85	%RH
Temperature Resolution	0.1				°C
Filter	Si(AR Coating)	Cut on 5.5um Wavelength 7.5 to 13.5um			
Filter Transmission		70			%
Field of View			110		°
Maximum soldering profile	Reflow soldering	280°C for 30s			

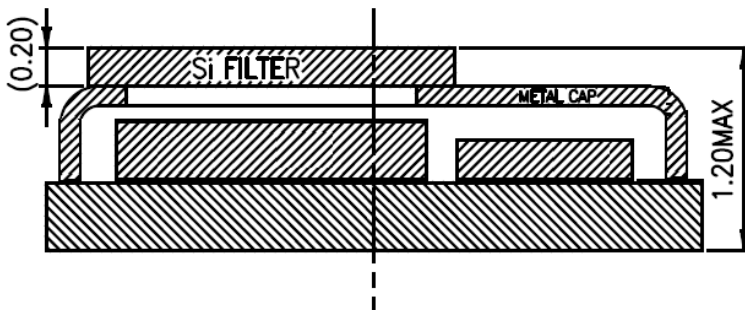
## Package Outline Dimensions

The package is compatible with SMD assembly process. AIR111 has Si(0.2mm) Filter.

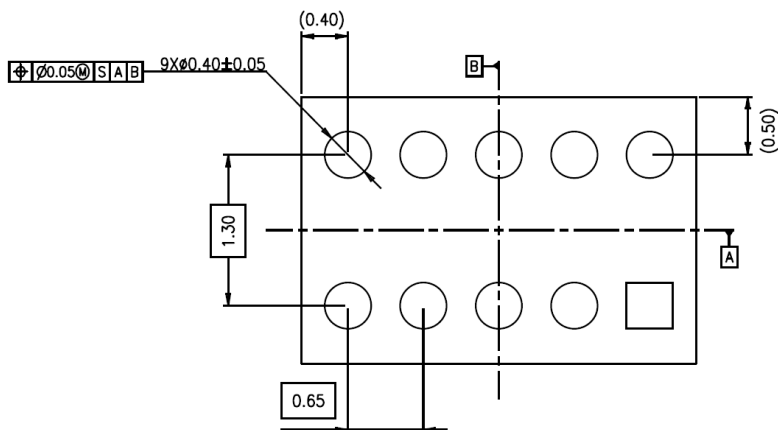
Top View



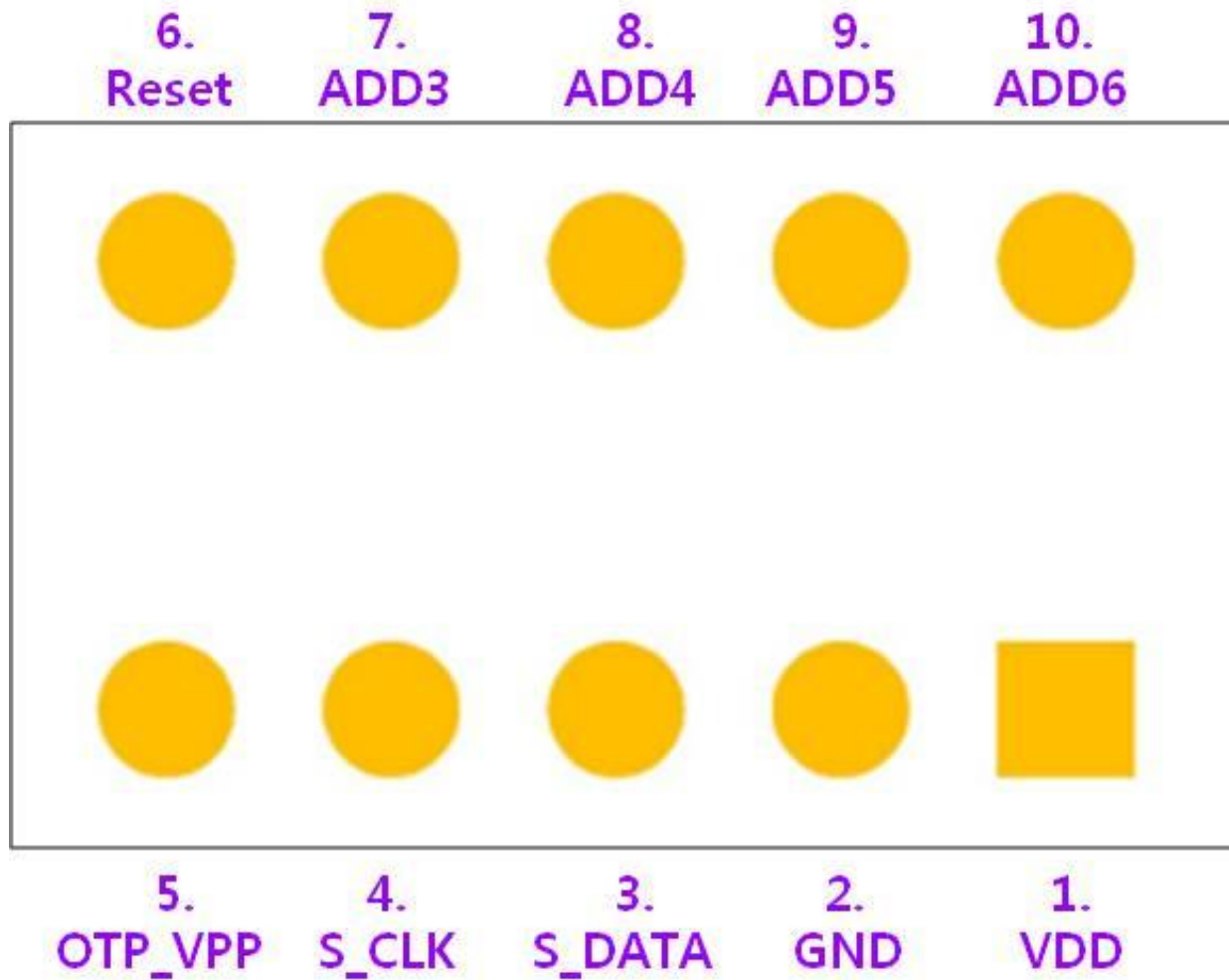
Side View



Bottom View



AIR111 has 10 pins and it's description is as following table.



ROIC Bottom view

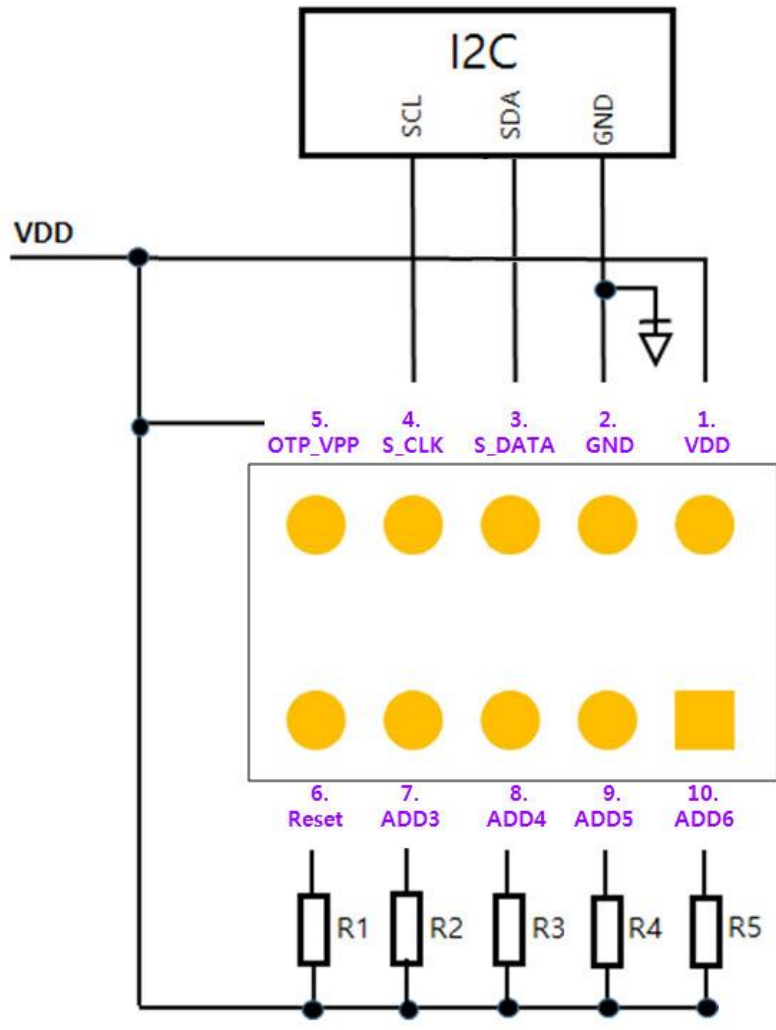
#### ROIC Pin Assign

Pin Number	Name	Description	Input Voltage Min (V)	Input Voltage Max (V)
1	VDD	Analog power supply voltage	2.4	3.6
2	GND	Analog power supply ground	0	
3	S_DATA	I <sub>2</sub> C Data Line	-	3.3
4	S_CLK	I <sub>2</sub> C Clock Line	-	3.3
5	OTP_VPP	OTP driving power	3.3	
6	RESET	ROIC reset pin	0 or 3.3	
7	ADD3	Sensor address setting pin	0 or 3.3	
8	ADD4	Sensor address setting pin	0 or 3.3	
9	ADD5	Sensor address setting pin	0 or 3.3	
10	ADD6	Sensor address setting pin	0 or 3.3	

**Pin Function Description**

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Function
1	VDD	ROIC Driving Power Input 3.3 V
2	GND	Common Ground VDD GND, I2C GND, OTP GND, RESET GND, ADDx GND
3	S_DATA	Data Line of I2C Communication
4	S_CLK	Clock Line of I2C Communication
5	OTP_VPP	OTP Driving Power ROIC Calibration Data is stored in OTP Need to Copy OTP data to Register after ROIC operation Driving power supply required for OTP when copying data to Register
6	RESET	ROIC Hardware Reset Pin Reset at 0V
7	ADD3	Address Setting Pin I2C Address (0x1x ~ 0xFx) can be set by power input control to ADD3 ~ 6 Pin Input 0 V : Low signal Input 3.3 V : High signal Address MSB Pin : ADD3 Address LSB Pin : ADD6
8	ADD4	Same as ADD3
9	ADD5	Same as ADD3
10	ADD6	Same as ADD3

Reference Diagram



Example Circuit Components : Set to Address 15(0xFx)

ROIC Pin Assign		
Component	Value	Remarks
R1	10KΩ	Pull-up resistor for $\overline{\text{RESET}}$
R2	10KΩ	Pull-up resistor for ADDRESS 3
R3	10KΩ	Pull-up resistor for ADDRESS 4
R4	10KΩ	Pull-up resistor for ADDRESS 5
R5	10KΩ	Pull-up resistor for ADDRESS 6

### I2C Communication

According to the concept in IoT, ROIC provides I2C interface.

#### Address Setting At I2C ADD Part

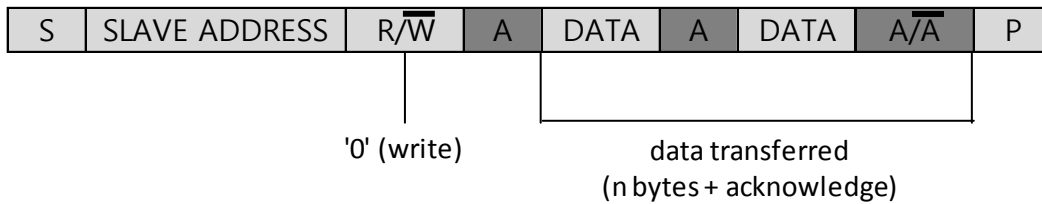
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
I2C_ADD6	I2C_ADD5	I2C_ADD4	I2C_ADD3	0	0	0	R/W

Configuring Addresses on the I2C Protocol

#### I2C Address Setting

- ROIC supports I2C Communication
- To access ROIC set in circuit, you need to set address on I2C Protocol
- Unlike general I2C address configuration, Bit 1 ~ 3 are not used
- Bit 0 is set according to Read / Write purpose as in I2C standard
  - 0 : Write signal
  - 1 : Read signal

#### I2C Write Protocol



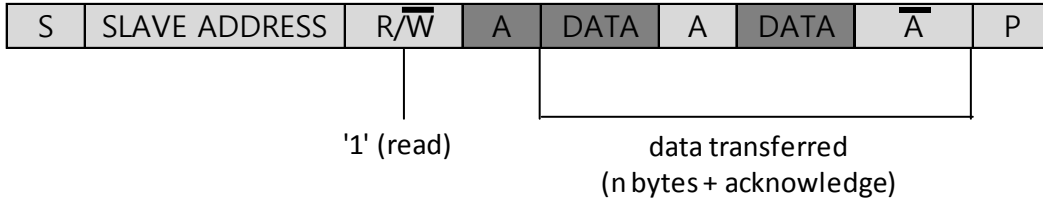
From Master to Slave  
 From Slave to Master

A = acknowledge (SDA LOW)  
 $\bar{A}$  = not acknowledge (SDA HIGH)  
 S = START condition  
 P = STOP condition

#### I2C Write Protocol

- Follow the usual I2C protocol
- Start signal transmission
- I2C address transfer for write purposes
- ACK check
- Data transmission
  - 1st Data: Call Start Register Address
  - 2nd Data: Data to be stored in the register located consecutively starting from the corresponding register address
- Transmission of stop signal after completion of transmission

**I2C Read Protocol**



From Master to Slave  
 From Slave to Master

A = acknowledge (SDA LOW)  
 A-bar = not acknowledge (SDA HIGH)  
 S = START condition  
 P = STOP condition

**I2C Read Protocol**

- Follow the usual I2C protocol
- Set register value to start reading
- Start signal transmission
- I2C address transfer for read purposes
- ACK check
- Read data sequentially
- ACK check every step
- NACK transmission
- STOP transmission

**ROIC Register**

ROIC has a register which is a data storage space.

**ROIC Register Map**

Register Address		OTP Address		Read/Write	Name	Description
MSB	LSB	MSB	LSB			
56		56		RW	ANALOG_CNTL_0	FREQ<1:0>   FREQ_DSP   EN_OSC
71	70	-		R	TEMPERATURE_OUTPUT	TEMPERATURE(°C) = TEMPERATURE_OUTPUT / 256
75	74	-		R	IR_OUTPUT	IR(°C) = IR_OUTPUT / 128
76		-		R	STATUS	EN_IR   EN_TEMP   PEN   OTP_RD   OTP_WR   PROG   PTM
76		-		W	COMMAND	0 : initialize ROIC (OTP to Register) 1 : restart ROIC 6 : write data to OTP 7 : read data from OTP 8 : stop ROIC



## Register Map Description

- There are two kinds of storage devices in ROIC
  - OTP
    - Calibration data is stored
    - Write once (impossible to write after)
    - Similar to ROM (Read Only Memory)
    - Nonvolatile Data
  - Register
    - Storage space of ROIC internal calculation result
    - Initialization to copy OTP data to Register after inputting drive voltage to VDD
    - Similar to RAM (Random Access Memory)
    - Volatile Data
- Each register size is 8 bits (1 byte)

### Register Function Description

Register	Function	Description
Register 56	FREQ	AFE Clock selection 2 bit configuration Requires 0x08 setting at ROIC Initialization (see. ROIC Initialize Sequence)
	FREQ_DSP	Digital Signal Process Clock selection 1 bit configuration Requires high setting at ROIC Initialization
	EN_OSC	Internal VCO enable 1 bit configuration Requires high setting at ROIC Initialization
Register 70, 71	Temperature Output	Temperature Sensor Output 2 bytes 16 bit Signed Integer (-32768 ~ 32767) / 256 = Current temperature (°C) R available (W not available)
Register 74, 75	IR Output	IR Sensor Output (Not supported) 2 bytes 16 bit Unsigned Integer (0 ~ 65535) R available (W not available)

Register 76	Write(Read)	cmd 0 : Copy OTP Data to Register cmd 1 : Restart ROIC cmd 6 : OTP Write Command cmd 7 : OTP Read Command cmd 8 : Stop ROIC
-------------	-------------	---

**ROIC Initialize**

Initialization is required to use ROIC after driving power input

Write the following data in the Register described below (Register No. 56, 76)

**ROIC Initialize Sequence**

Sequence No.	Register No.(Hex)	Register Data Hex Value	Function Hex Value																				
1	56 (0x38)	0x0B <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">1</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table>					1	0			PREQ (AFE Clock selection) : 0x08 <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">1</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table>					1	0						
							1	0															
							1	0															
PREQ_DSP (DSP Clock selection) : 0x02 <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">1</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> </table>							1																
						1																	
EN_OSC (Internal VCO enable) : 0x01 <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">1</td> </tr> </table>								1															
							1																
2	76 (0x4C)	0x00 <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> </tr> </table>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Cmd 0 : 0x00 <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; background-color: #cccccc;">0</td> </tr> </table>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
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