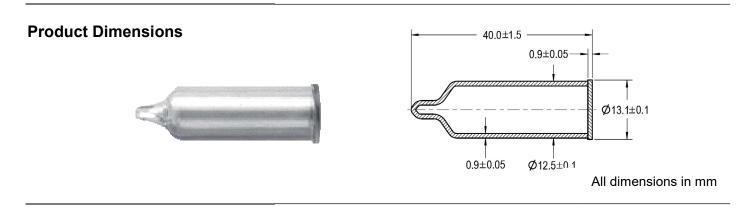


Photoionization detection (PID) is one of the advanced-sensing gas detection technologies. It is widely used in volatile organic compound (VOC) detection. The heart of the PID is an ultraviolet (UV) lamp that emits photons in the vacuumultraviolet region. The lamp is an enclosure glass tube with a crystal window attached on one end. The lamp is filled with gases. The intensity of UV output and photon energy depends on the type of gas used to fill the lamp, and the crystal used as a transmission window.

Based on its proprietary technology, Senovol UV lamps have the advanced features of low ignition voltages, high UV outputs and long life spans,



Specifications and Product Selection

• Ph	oton energy	10.6 eV
• Ign	ition time	100 ms
• Ty	pical Ignition voltage	1500 V, 100 KHz
• Op	erating current	100 – 200 mA
• Ty	pical RF power input	0.6 W
• De	signed life span	25,000 hrs

Warranty

25,000 hrs 12 months

Lamp Type	Part Number	Applications
UV Output - Low	UVL-106L-1001	Most industrial safety applications require 1 ppm resolution while detecting VOC leakage.
UV Output - Medium	UVL-106L-1501	Some industrial process control applications require 100 to 500 ppb resolution for VOC detection.
UV Output - High	UVL-106L-2001	Air quality monitoring requires 50 ppb or lower resolutions to record the VOC pollution.
UV Output – Extra High	UVL-106L-2501	Precision scientific instruments such as gas chromatography and mass spectrometry require 1 to 5 ppb resolution for VOC measuring.